

Single-Bit Dual-Supply Bus Transceiver with Configurable Voltage Translation and 3-State Outputs

1 FEATURES

- Fully Configurable Dual-Rail Design
- Allows Each Port to Operate Over the Full 1.2V to 3.6V Power-Supply Range
- V_{CC} Isolation Feature - If Either V_{CC} Input is at GND, Both Ports are in The High-Impedance State
- DIR Input Circuit Referenced to V_{CCA}
- ±12mA Output Drive at 3.3V
- I/Os Are 4.6V Tolerant
- I_{off} Supports Partial Power-Down-Mode Operation
- Typical Max Data Rates
 - 380 Mbps (1.8 V to 3.3 V Translation)
 - 200 Mbps (<1.8 V to 3.3 V Translation)
 - 200 Mbps (Translate to 2.5 V or 1.8 V)
- Extended Temperature: -40°C to 125°C

2 APPLICATIONS

- Personal Electronics
- Industrial
- Enterprise
- Telecom

3 DESCRIPTIONS

This single-bit noninverting bus transceiver uses two separate configurable power-supply rails. The RS74AVC1T45 is optimized to operate with V_{CCA}/V_{CCB} set at 1.4 V to 3.6 V. It is operational with V_{CCA}/V_{CCB} as low as 1.2 V. The A port is designed to track V_{CCA}. V_{CCA} accepts any supply voltage from 1.2 V to 3.6 V. The B port is designed to track V_{CCB}. V_{CCB} accepts any supply voltage from 1.2 V to 3.6 V. This allows for universal low voltage, bidirectional translation between any of the 1.2V, 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, and 3.3V voltage nodes.

The RS74AVC1T45 is designed for asynchronous communication between two data buses. The logic levels of the direction-control (DIR) input activate either the B-port outputs or the A-port outputs. The device transmits data from the A bus to the B bus when the B-port outputs are activated and from the B bus to the A bus when the A-port outputs are activated. The input circuitry on both A and B ports always is active and must have a logic HIGH or LOW level applied to prevent excess I_{CC} and I_{CCZ}.

The RS74AVC1T45 is designed so that the DIR input is powered by V_{CCA}.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using I_{off}. The I_{off} circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down.

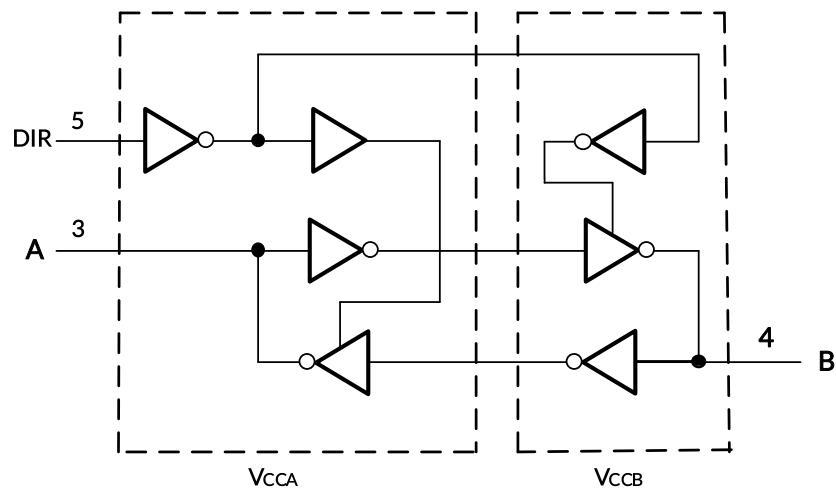
The V_{CC} isolation feature ensures that if either V_{CC} input is at GND, then both ports are in the high-impedance state.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
RS74AVC1T45	SOT23-6	2.92mm×1.60mm
	SC70-6	2.10mm×1.25mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

4 FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



Function Table

INPUT DIR	OPERATION
L	B data to A bus
H	A data to B bus

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5 REVISION HISTORY

Note: Page numbers for previous revisions may different from page numbers in the current version.

VERSION	Change Date	Change Item
A.1	2025/06/20	Initial version completed

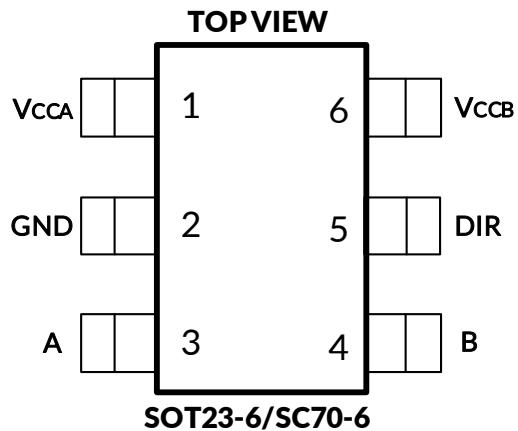
6 PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION ⁽¹⁾

PRODUCT	ORDERING NUMBER	TEMPERATURE RANGE	PACKAGE LEAD	PACKAGE MARKING ⁽²⁾	MSL ⁽³⁾	PACKAGE OPTION
RS74AVC1T45	RS74AVC1T45XH6	-40°C ~125°C	SOT23-6	V1T45	MSL3	Tape and Reel, 3000
	RS74AVC1T45XC6	-40°C ~125°C	SC70-6 ⁽⁴⁾	V1T45	MSL3	Tape and Reel, 3000

NOTE:

- (1) This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the right-hand navigation.
- (2) There may be additional marking, which relates to the lot trace code information (data code and vendor code), the logo or the environmental category on the device.
- (3) RUNIC classify the MSL level with using the common preconditioning setting in our assembly factory conforming to the JEDEC industrial standard J-STD-20F. Please align with RUNIC if your end application is quite critical to the preconditioning setting or if you have special requirement.
- (4) Equivalent to SOT363.

7 PIN CONFIGURATIONS



PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN		I/O ⁽¹⁾	FUNCTION
NAME	NO.		
V _{CCA}	1	P	A-port supply voltage. 1.2 V ≤ V _{CCA} ≤ 3.6 V
GND	2	G	Ground.
A	3	I/O	Input/output A. Referenced to V _{CCA} .
B	4	I/O	Input/output B. Referenced to V _{CCB} .
DIR	5	I	Direction control signal
V _{CCB}	6	P	B-port supply voltage. 1.2 V ≤ V _{CCB} ≤ 3.6 V.

(1) I=input, O=output, I/O=input and output, P=power, G=ground.

8 SPECIFICATIONS

8.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) ⁽¹⁾

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CCA}	Supply Voltage Range	-0.5	4.6	V
V _{CCB}	Supply Voltage Range	-0.5	4.6	V
V _I	Input Voltage Range ⁽²⁾	I/O ports (A port)	-0.5	4.6
		I/O ports (B port)	-0.5	4.6
		Control inputs	-0.5	4.6
V _O	Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state ⁽²⁾	A port	-0.5	4.6
		B port	-0.5	4.6
V _O	Voltage range applied to any output in the high or low state ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	A port	-0.5	V _{CCA} +0.5
		B port	-0.5	V _{CCB} +0.5
I _{IK}	Input clamp current	V _I <0		-50 mA
I _{OK}	Output clamp current	V _O <0		-50 mA
I _O	Continuous output current			±50 mA
	Continuous current through V _{CCA} , V _{CCB} or GND			±100 mA
θ _{JA}	Package thermal impedance ⁽⁴⁾	SOT23-6	230	°C/W
		SC70-6	265	°C/W
T _{stg}	Storage temperature	-65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

(3) The output positive voltage rating may be exceeded up to 4.6V maximum if the output current rating is observed.

(4) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD-51.

8.2 ESD Ratings

The following ESD information is provided for handling of ESD-sensitive devices in an ESD protected area only.

		VALUE	UNIT
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Human-Body Model (HBM)	±2000 V
		Charged-Device Model (CDM)	±1000 V
		Machine Model (MM)	±200 V



ESD SENSITIVITY CAUTION

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

8.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

		$V_{CCI}^{(1)}$	$V_{CCO}^{(2)}$	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CCA}	Supply voltage			1.2	3.6	V
V_{CCB}	Supply voltage			1.2	3.6	V
V_{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	Data inputs ⁽⁴⁾	1.2 V to 1.95 V		$V_{CCI} \times 0.65$	V
			1.95 V to 2.7 V		1.6	
			2.7 V to 3.6 V		2	
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	Data inputs ⁽⁴⁾	1.2 V to 1.95 V		$V_{CCI} \times 0.35$	V
			1.95 V to 2.7 V		0.7	
			2.7 V to 3.6 V		0.8	
V_{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	DIR (referenced to V_{CCA}) ⁽⁵⁾	1.2 V to 1.95 V		$V_{CCA} \times 0.65$	V
			1.95 V to 2.7 V		1.6	
			2.7 V to 3.6 V		2	
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	DIR (referenced to V_{CCA}) ⁽⁵⁾	1.2 V to 1.95 V		$V_{CCA} \times 0.35$	V
			1.95 V to 2.7 V		0.7	
			2.7 V to 3.6 V		0.8	
V_I	Input voltage			0	3.6	V
V_O	Output voltage	Active state		0	V_{CCO}	V
		3-state		0	3.6	
I_{OH}	High-level output current		1.2 V		-3	mA
			1.4 V to 1.6 V		-6	
			1.65 V to 1.95 V		-8	
			2.3 V to 2.7 V		-9	
			3 V to 3.6 V		-12	
I_{OL}	Low-level output current		1.2 V		3	mA
			1.4 V to 1.6 V		6	
			1.65 V to 1.95 V		8	
			2.3 V to 2.7 V		9	
			3 V to 3.6 V		12	
$\Delta t/\Delta v$	Input transition rise or fall rate				5	ns/V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature			-40	125	°C

(1) V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.

(2) V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.

(3) All unused data inputs of the device must be held at V_{CCI} or GND to ensure proper device operation

(4) For V_{CCI} values not specified in the data sheet, V_{IH} min = $V_{CCI} \times 0.65$ V, V_{IL} max = $V_{CCI} \times 0.35$ V.

(5) For V_{CCA} values not specified in the data sheet, V_{IH} min = $V_{CCA} \times 0.65$ V, V_{IL} max = $V_{CCA} \times 0.35$ V.

8.4 Electrical Characteristics

All typical limits apply over $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, and all maximum and minimum limits apply over $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C (unless otherwise noted). ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS			MIN ⁽³⁾	TYP ⁽⁴⁾	MAX ⁽³⁾	UNIT
V_{OH}	$I_{OH} = -100 \mu\text{A}$; $V_{CCA} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V ; $V_{CCB} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V ; $V_I = V_{IH}$		$V_{CCO} - 0.2$				V
	$I_{OH} = -3 \text{ mA}$; $V_{CCA} = 1.2 \text{ V}$; $V_{CCB} = 1.2 \text{ V}$; $V_I = V_{IH}$				0.95		
	$I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$; $V_{CCA} = 1.4 \text{ V}$; $V_{CCB} = 1.4 \text{ V}$; $V_I = V_{IH}$		0.9				
	$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$; $V_{CCA} = 1.65 \text{ V}$; $V_{CCB} = 1.65 \text{ V}$; $V_I = V_{IH}$		1.2				
	$I_{OH} = -9 \text{ mA}$; $V_{CCA} = 2.3 \text{ V}$; $V_{CCB} = 2.3 \text{ V}$; $V_I = V_{IH}$		1.75				
	$I_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}$; $V_{CCA} = 3.0 \text{ V}$; $V_{CCB} = 3.0 \text{ V}$; $V_I = V_{IH}$		2.3				
V_{OL}	$I_{OL} = 100 \mu\text{A}$; $V_{CCA} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V ; $V_{CCB} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V ; $V_I = V_{IL}$				0.2		V
	$I_{OL} = 3 \text{ mA}$; $V_{CCA} = 1.2 \text{ V}$; $V_{CCB} = 1.2 \text{ V}$; $V_I = V_{IL}$				0.25		
	$I_{OL} = 6 \text{ mA}$; $V_{CCA} = 1.4 \text{ V}$; $V_{CCB} = 1.4 \text{ V}$; $V_I = V_{IL}$				0.35		
	$I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}$; $V_{CCA} = 1.65 \text{ V}$; $V_{CCB} = 1.65 \text{ V}$; $V_I = V_{IL}$				0.45		
	$I_{OL} = 9 \text{ mA}$; $V_{CCA} = 2.3 \text{ V}$; $V_{CCB} = 2.3 \text{ V}$; $V_I = V_{IL}$				0.55		
	$I_{OL} = 12 \text{ mA}$; $V_{CCA} = 3.0 \text{ V}$; $V_{CCB} = 3.0 \text{ V}$; $V_I = V_{IL}$				0.7		
I_I (DIR input)	$V_I = V_{CCA}$ or GND; $V_{CCA} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V ; $V_{CCB} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		± 0.002	± 1		μA
		$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C			± 2		
I_{off}	A port	V_I or $V_O = 0 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V ; $V_{CCA} = 0 \text{ V}$; $V_{CCB} = 0 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		± 0.001	± 1	μA
			$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C			± 5	
	B port	V_I or $V_O = 0 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V ; $V_{CCA} = 0 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V ; $V_{CCB} = 0 \text{ V}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		± 0.002	± 1	
			$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C			± 5	
$I_{OZ}^{(5)}$	A port & B port	$V_O = V_{CCO}$ or GND; $V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND; $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$; $V_{CCA} = 3.6 \text{ V}$; $V_{CCB} = 3.6 \text{ V}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		± 0.05	± 1	μA
			$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C			± 5	
I_{CCA}	$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND, $I_O = 0$	$V_{CCA} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V ; $V_{CCB} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V				7	μA
			$V_{CCA} = 0 \text{ V}$; $V_{CCB} = 3.6 \text{ V}$			-2	
			$V_{CCA} = 3.6 \text{ V}$; $V_{CCB} = 0 \text{ V}$			7	
I_{CCB}	$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND, $I_O = 0$	$V_{CCA} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V ; $V_{CCB} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V	$V_{CCA} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V ; $V_{CCB} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V			7	μA
			$V_{CCA} = 0 \text{ V}$; $V_{CCB} = 3.6 \text{ V}$			7	
			$V_{CCA} = 3.6 \text{ V}$; $V_{CCB} = 0 \text{ V}$			-2	
$I_{CCA} + I_{CCB}$		$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND, $I_O = 0$; $V_{CCA} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V ; $V_{CCB} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V				14	μA
C_i	Control inputs	$V_I = 3.3 \text{ V}$ or GND; $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V}$; $V_{CCB} = 3.3 \text{ V}$			1.5	4.5	pF
C_{io}	A or B port	$V_O = 3.3 \text{ V}$ or GND; $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V}$; $V_{CCB} = 3.3 \text{ V}$			2.5	7	pF

(1) V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.

(2) V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.

(3) Limits are 100% production tested at 25°C . Limits over the operating temperature range are ensured through correlations using statistical quality control (SQC) method.

(4) Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm as determined at the time of characterization. Actual typical values may vary over time and will also depend on the application and configuration.

(5) For I/O ports, the parameter I_{OZ} includes the input leakage current.

8.5 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA}=1.2\text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range.

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	$V_{CCB}=1.2\text{V}$	$V_{CCB}=1.5\text{V}\pm0.1\text{V}$	$V_{CCB}=1.8\text{V}\pm0.15\text{V}$	$V_{CCB}=2.5\text{V}\pm0.2\text{V}$	$V_{CCB}=3.3\text{V}\pm0.3\text{V}$	UNIT
			TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	
t_{PLH}	A	B	20.6	15.8	14.1	12.5	12.2	ns
t_{PHL}			16.3	13.0	12.1	11.1	11.1	
t_{PLH}	B	A	20.3	17.3	15.7	14.4	14.1	ns
t_{PHL}			16.3	13.3	12.0	10.4	9.5	
t_{PZH}	\overline{OE}	A	24.0	23.0	23.3	23.8	22.8	ns
t_{PZL}			20.0	19.8	19.5	19.3	19.3	
t_{PZH}	\overline{OE}	B	25.3	21.0	19.8	16.8	15.3	ns
t_{PZL}			22.3	18.3	16.5	15.3	14.3	
t_{PHZ}	\overline{OE}	A	19.3	18.5	17.8	18.5	19.5	ns
t_{PLZ}			17.8	17.0	16.3	16.3	16.8	
t_{PHZ}	\overline{OE}	B	17.8	16.3	15.3	14.5	14.0	ns
t_{PLZ}			18.0	17.3	16.0	16.0	15.8	

8.6 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA}=1.5\text{ V}\pm0.1\text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range.

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	$V_{CCB}=1.2\text{V}$	$V_{CCB}=1.5\text{V}\pm0.1\text{V}$		$V_{CCB}=1.8\text{V}\pm0.15\text{V}$		$V_{CCB}=2.5\text{V}\pm0.2\text{V}$		$V_{CCB}=3.3\text{V}\pm0.3\text{V}$		
			TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t_{PLH}	A	B	17.1	6.2	14.6	5.2	12.5	4.4	10.2	4.0	9.5	ns
t_{PHL}			12.2	4.7	11.4	4.0	9.3	3.5	8.9	3.3	7.7	
t_{PLH}	B	A	15.5	6.2	15.2	5.5	13.1	4.7	11.5	4.5	11.2	ns
t_{PHL}			13.1	5.0	12.2	4.2	10.4	3.5	8.4	3.1	7.6	
t_{PZH}	\overline{OE}	A	20.5	10.4	24.7	8.3	25.0	6.8	25.0	6.3	24.7	ns
t_{PZL}			15.0	6.6	18.1	6.3	18.4	5.5	18.4	5.3	18.1	
t_{PZH}	\overline{OE}	B	23.5	9.9	25.9	10.0	20.6	10.0	16.9	9.9	15.6	ns
t_{PZL}			17.3	7.3	16.6	7.4	15.6	7.4	13.8	7.3	13.1	
t_{PHZ}	\overline{OE}	A	12.0	6.8	13.8	5.8	14.1	5.6	13.8	5.3	14.1	ns
t_{PLZ}			14.0	6.4	17.2	6.0	16.6	5.9	16.3	5.6	15.9	
t_{PHZ}	\overline{OE}	B	14.8	5.5	16.9	5.6	14.4	5.5	14.1	5.6	13.1	ns
t_{PLZ}			13.5	6.9	15.9	6.6	15.0	6.5	14.7	6.4	14.1	

8.7 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA}=1.8\text{ V} \pm 0.15\text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range.

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	$V_{CCB}=1.2\text{V}$	$V_{CCB}=1.5\text{V} \pm 0.1\text{V}$		$V_{CCB}=1.8\text{V} \pm 0.15\text{V}$		$V_{CCB}=2.5\text{V} \pm 0.2\text{V}$		$V_{CCB}=3.3\text{V} \pm 0.3\text{V}$		UNIT
			TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t_{PLH}	A	B	15.3	5.4	13.0	4.3	10.5	3.4	7.9	3.1	7.4	ns
t_{PHL}			10.7	4.0	9.8	3.3	8.2	2.8	6.8	2.5	6.3	
t_{PLH}	B	A	13.7	5.3	13.1	4.6	11.0	3.9	9.5	3.5	8.9	ns
t_{PHL}			11.8	4.3	10.6	3.7	8.7	2.9	6.9	2.6	6.2	
t_{PZH}	\overline{OE}	A	14.0	9.6	17.5	7.5	17.5	6.3	17.2	5.4	17.2	ns
t_{PZL}			11.3	5.8	13.8	5.0	14.1	4.3	13.8	4.0	13.4	
t_{PZH}	\overline{OE}	B	22.8	7.0	24.1	7.0	18.8	6.9	15.6	6.9	13.4	ns
t_{PZL}			15.3	5.5	14.4	5.6	12.5	5.5	10.6	5.4	10.0	
t_{PHZ}	\overline{OE}	A	13.0	6.3	15.6	5.0	15.9	4.6	15.0	4.3	15.0	ns
t_{PLZ}			11.3	5.3	13.1	4.6	13.4	4.6	13.1	4.5	12.2	
t_{PHZ}	\overline{OE}	B	13.3	6.3	15.6	6.4	12.5	6.0	11.6	6.0	10.6	ns
t_{PLZ}			11.8	5.3	13.1	5.4	11.6	5.3	11.6	4.9	11.3	

8.8 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA}=2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range.

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	$V_{CCB}=1.2\text{V}$	$V_{CCB}=1.5\text{V} \pm 0.1\text{V}$		$V_{CCB}=1.8\text{V} \pm 0.15\text{V}$		$V_{CCB}=2.5\text{V} \pm 0.2\text{V}$		$V_{CCB}=3.3\text{V} \pm 0.3\text{V}$		UNIT
			TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t_{PLH}	A	B	14.4	4.8	11.6	3.8	9.5	3.1	7.5	2.5	6.3	ns
t_{PHL}			9.0	3.1	7.9	2.6	6.3	2.0	5.1	2.0	4.8	
t_{PLH}	B	A	12.6	4.5	11.0	3.8	9.2	3.0	7.2	2.7	6.8	ns
t_{PHL}			10.8	3.8	9.7	3.2	7.8	2.6	6.0	2.2	5.2	
t_{PZH}	\overline{OE}	A	9.8	9.4	12.2	7.0	12.5	5.5	11.9	4.9	11.9	ns
t_{PZL}			8.8	4.9	10.6	4.3	10.9	3.8	10.9	3.4	10.6	
t_{PZH}	\overline{OE}	B	20.8	4.9	23.4	5.0	17.5	4.8	13.8	4.8	12.2	ns
t_{PZL}			13.3	4.3	12.2	4.4	10.6	4.4	9.4	4.3	8.4	
t_{PHZ}	\overline{OE}	A	8.8	5.6	9.7	5.0	10.6	4.6	10.0	4.0	10.0	ns
t_{PLZ}			9.8	4.9	11.9	4.3	11.6	4.6	11.9	4.3	10.9	
t_{PHZ}	\overline{OE}	B	12.5	3.9	14.1	4.3	12.5	4.0	11.6	4.0	10.0	ns
t_{PLZ}			11.3	4.8	12.2	4.6	10.6	4.8	11.6	4.4	10.6	

8.9 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA}=3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range.

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	$V_{CCB}=1.2\text{V}$	$V_{CCB}=1.5\text{V} \pm 0.1\text{V}$		$V_{CCB}=1.8\text{V} \pm 0.15\text{V}$		$V_{CCB}=2.5\text{V} \pm 0.2\text{V}$		$V_{CCB}=3.3\text{V} \pm 0.3\text{V}$		UNIT
			TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t_{PLH}	A	B	14.3	4.7	11.4	3.7	8.7	2.8	6.7	2.4	5.9	ns
t_{PHL}			8.6	2.8	7.2	2.5	5.9	1.8	4.4	1.6	4.3	
t_{PLH}	B	A	12.3	4.2	10.4	3.3	8.3	2.7	6.3	2.5	6.3	ns
t_{PHL}			11.1	3.7	9.2	2.9	7.4	2.3	5.5	1.8	4.4	
t_{PZH}	\overline{OE}	A	7.8	9.1	9.7	7.0	9.7	5.4	9.7	5.0	9.7	ns
t_{PZL}			7.8	4.4	9.7	3.6	10.0	3.6	10.0	3.0	9.7	
t_{PZH}	\overline{OE}	B	22.0	3.9	22.8	3.9	17.5	3.9	13.4	3.9	12.5	ns
t_{PZL}			13.5	3.9	10.9	4.0	9.1	4.0	9.1	3.9	7.5	
t_{PHZ}	\overline{OE}	A	8.0	5.8	10.0	4.5	10.3	4.1	10.0	4.0	10.6	ns
t_{PLZ}			8.0	4.1	10.3	3.3	10.9	2.6	10.3	2.4	10.3	
t_{PHZ}	\overline{OE}	B	12.0	4	14.7	4.1	11.3	4.0	10.3	4.3	10.0	ns
t_{PLZ}			9.8	4.1	10.3	4.4	8.1	4.1	6.6	4.1	5.9	

8.10 Operating Characteristics

$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	$V_{CCA}=V_{CCB}=1.2\text{V}$	$V_{CCA}=V_{CCB}=1.5\text{V}$	$V_{CCA}=V_{CCB}=1.8\text{V}$	$V_{CCA}=V_{CCB}=2.5\text{V}$	$V_{CCA}=V_{CCB}=3.3\text{V}$	UNIT
				TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	
$C_{pdA}^{(1)}$	A to B	Outputs enabled	$C_L=0, f=10\text{MHz}, t_r = t_f = 1\text{ns}$	2	2	2	1.5	2.5	pF
		Outputs disable		1	1	1	0.5	1	
	B to A	Outputs enabled		12	13	13	14	15	
		Outputs disable		1	1	1	1	1.5	
$C_{pdB}^{(1)}$	A to B	Outputs enabled	$C_L=0, f=10\text{MHz}, t_r = t_f = 1\text{ns}$	12	13	13	14	15	pF
		Outputs disable		1	1	1	1	1.5	
	B to A	Outputs enabled		2	2	2	2	2.5	
		Outputs disable		1	1	1	0.5	1	

(1) Power dissipation capacitance per transceiver.

8.11 Typical Characteristics

NOTE: The graphs and tables provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for informational purposes only.

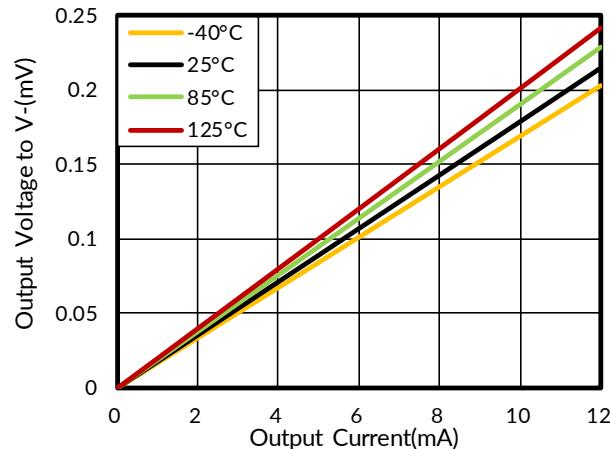


Figure 1. Output Voltage Low vs Output Current, 3V

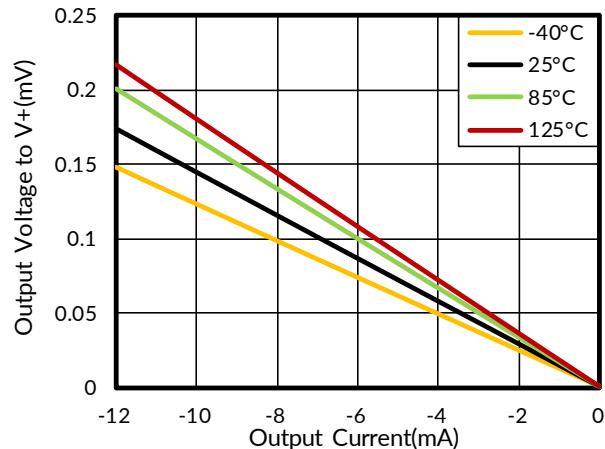
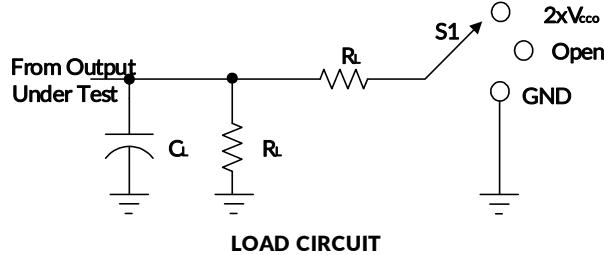


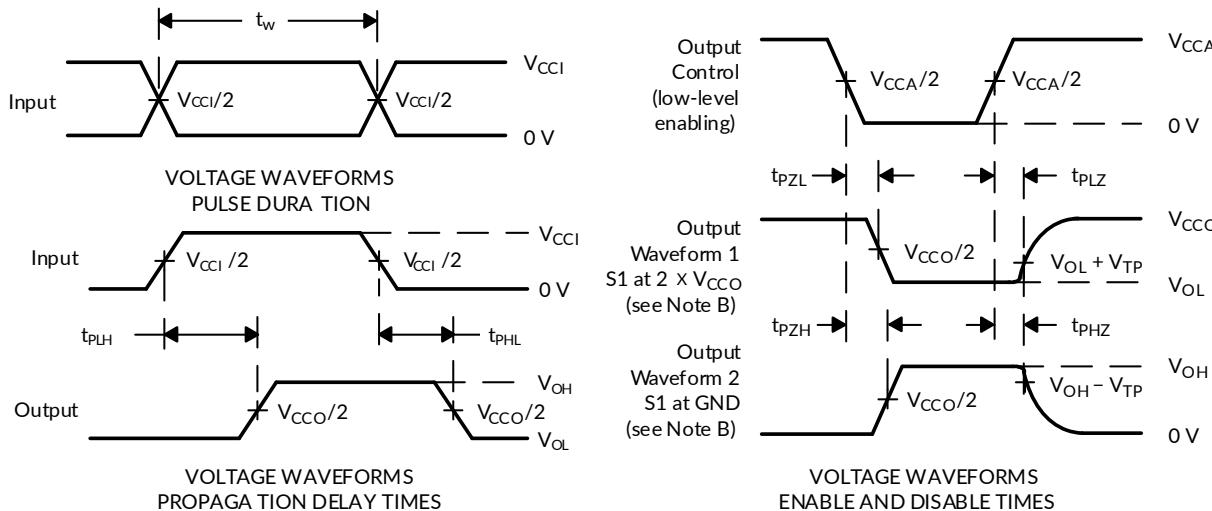
Figure 2. Output Voltage High vs Output Current, 3V

9 PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



TEST	S1
t_{pd}	Open
t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL}	$2 \times V_{CCO}$
t_{PHZ}/t_{PZH}	GND

V_{CC}	C_L	R_L	V_{TP}
1.2V	15pF	2k Ω	0.1V
$1.5V \pm 0.1V$	15pF	2k Ω	0.1V
$1.8V \pm 0.15V$	15pF	2k Ω	0.15V
$2.5V \pm 0.2V$	15pF	2k Ω	0.15V
$3.3V \pm 0.3V$	15pF	2k Ω	0.3V



NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control.

Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.

C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, $Z_O = 50\Omega$, dv/dt $\geq 1V/ns$.

D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.

E. t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} are the same as t_{dis} .

F. t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} are the same as t_{en} .

G. t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{pd} .

H. V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.

I. V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.

Figure 3. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

10 DETAILED DESCRIPTION

10.1 Overview

The RS74AVC1T45 is single-bit, dual-supply, noninverting voltage level translation. Pin A and direction control pin are support by V_{CCA} and pin B is support by V_{CCB} . The A port is able to accept I/O voltages ranging from 1.2 V to 3.6 V, while the B port can accept I/O voltages from 1.2 to 3.6 V. The high on DIR allows data transmission from A to B and a low on DIR allows data transmission from B to A.

10.2 Feature Description

10.2.1 Fully Configurable Dual-Rail Design Allows Each Port to Operate Over the Full 1.2V to 3.6V Power-Supply Range

Both V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} can be supplied at any voltage between 1.2 V and 3.6 V; thus, making the device suitable for translating between any of the low voltage nodes (1.2 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, and 3.3 V).

10.2.2 Supports High Speed Translation

The RS74AVC1T45 device can support high data-rate applications. The translated signal data rate can be up to 380 Mbps when the signal is translated from 1.8 V to 3.3 V.

10.2.3 I_{off} Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation

I_{off} will prevent backflow current by disabling I/O output circuits when device is in partial-power-down mode.

11 APPLICATION AND IMPLEMENTATION

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the RUNIC component specification, and RUNIC does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. RUNIC's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

11.1 Application Information

RS74AVC1T45 device can be used in level-shifting applications for interfacing devices or systems operating at different interface voltages with one another. The maximum data rate can be up to 380 Mbps when device translates a signal from 1.8 V to 3.3 V.

11.1.1 Enable Times

Calculate the enable times for the RS74AVC1T45 using the following formulas:

- t_{PZH} (DIR to A) = t_{PLZ} (DIR to B) + t_{PLH} (B to A)
- t_{PZL} (DIR to A) = t_{PHZ} (DIR to B) + t_{PHL} (B to A)
- t_{PZH} (DIR to B) = t_{PLZ} (DIR to A) + t_{PLH} (A to B)
- t_{PZL} (DIR to B) = t_{PHZ} (DIR to A) + t_{PHL} (A to B)

In a bidirectional application, these enable times provide the maximum delay from the time the DIR bit is switched until an output is expected. For example, if the RS74AVC1T45 initially is transmitting from A to B, then the DIR bit is switched; the B port of the device must be disabled before presenting it with an input. After the B port has been disabled, an input signal applied to it appears on the corresponding A port after the specified propagation delay.

11.2 Typical Application

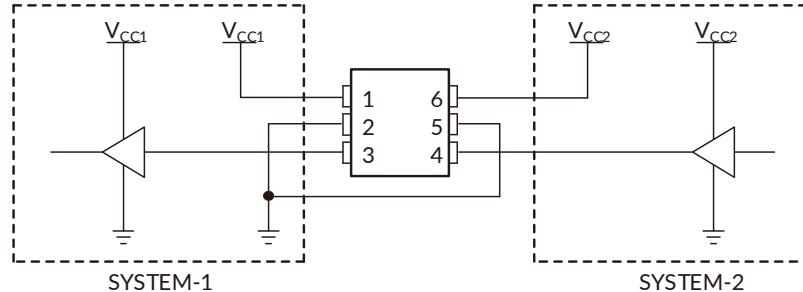


Figure 4. Unidirectional Logic Level-Shifting Application

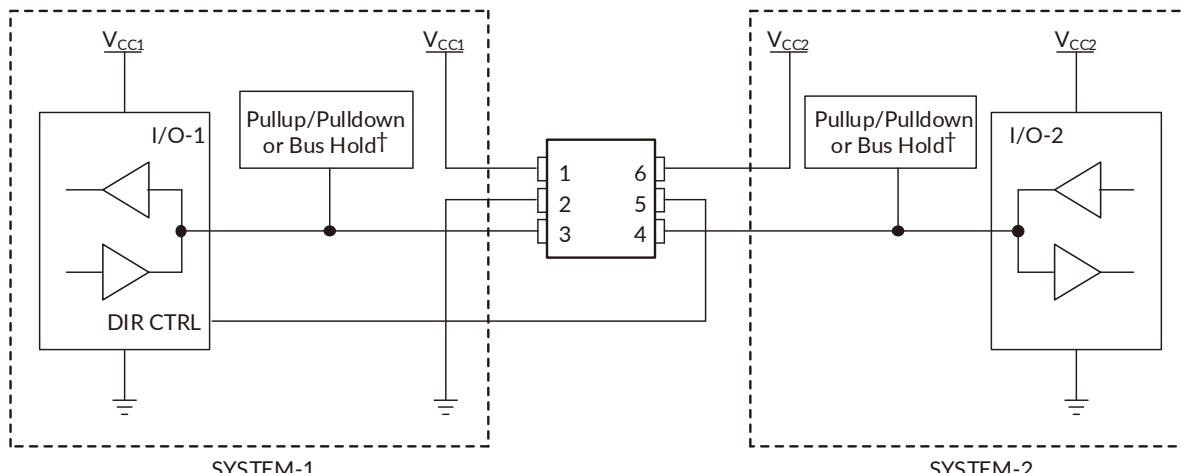


Figure 5. Bidirectional Logic Level-Shifting Application

12 POWER SUPPLY RECOMMENDATIONS

The RS74AVC1T45 device uses two separate configurable power-supply rails, V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} . V_{CCA} accepts any supply voltage from 1.2 V to 3.6 V and V_{CCB} accepts any supply voltage from 1.2 V to 3.6 V. The A port and B port are designed to track V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} respectively allowing for low voltage bidirectional translation between any of the 1.2 V, 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, and 3.3 V voltage nodes.

12.1 Power-Up Considerations

A proper power-up sequence always should be followed to avoid excessive supply current, bus contention, oscillations, or other anomalies. To guard against such power-up problems, take the following precautions:

1. Connect ground before any supply voltage is applied.
2. Power up V_{CCA} .
3. V_{CCB} can be ramped up along with or after V_{CCA} .

Table 1. Typical Total Static Power Consumption ($I_{CCA} + I_{CCB}$)

V_{CCB}	V_{CCA}						UNIT
	0V	1.2V	1.5V	1.8V	2.5V	3.3V	
0V	0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	
1.2V	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<1	1	
1.5V	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<1	1	
1.8V	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	
2.5V	<0.5	1	<1	<1	<1	<1	
3.3V	<0.5	1	<1	<1	<1	<1	

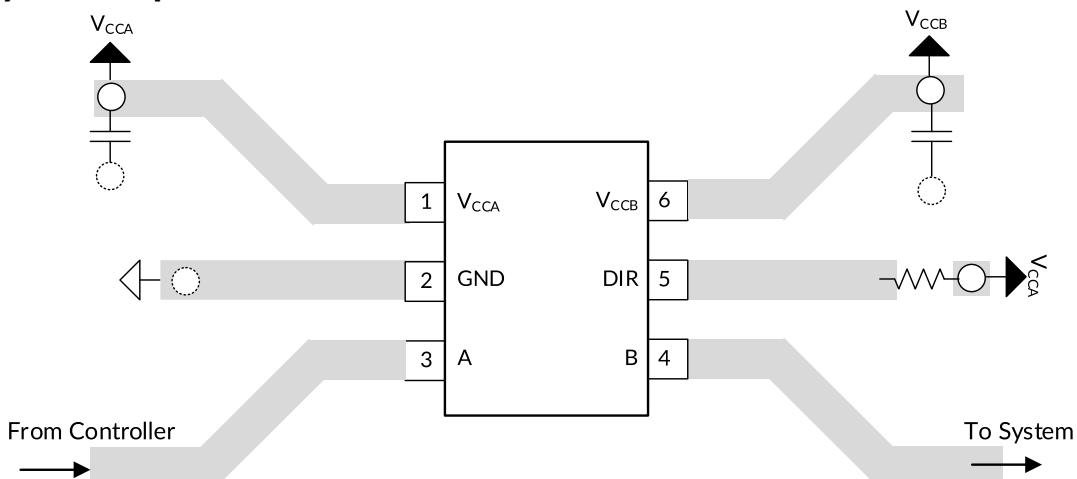
13 LAYOUT

13.1 Layout Guidelines

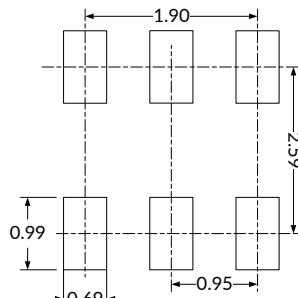
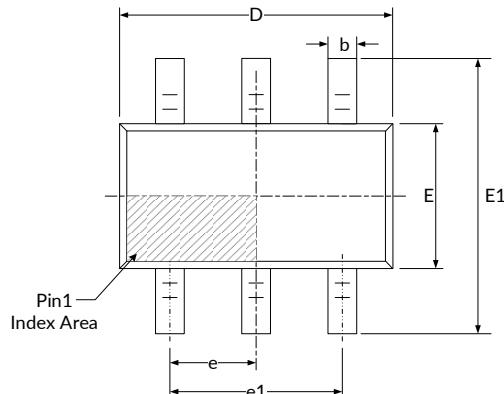
To ensure reliability of the device, following common printed-circuit board layout guidelines is recommended.

- Bypass capacitors should be used on power supplies.
- Short trace lengths should be used to avoid excessive loading.
- Place pads on the signal paths for loading capacitors or pull-up resistors to help adjust rise and fall times of signals, depending on the system requirements.

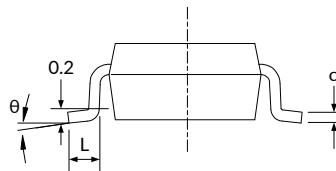
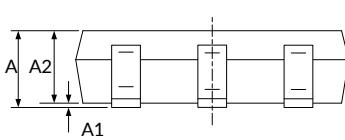
13.2 Layout Example



14 PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS SOT23-6⁽³⁾



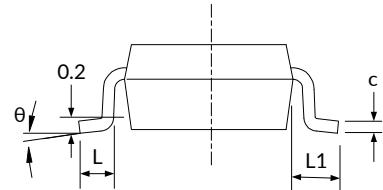
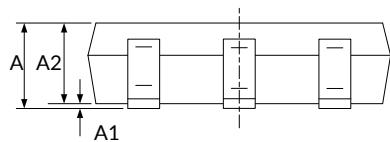
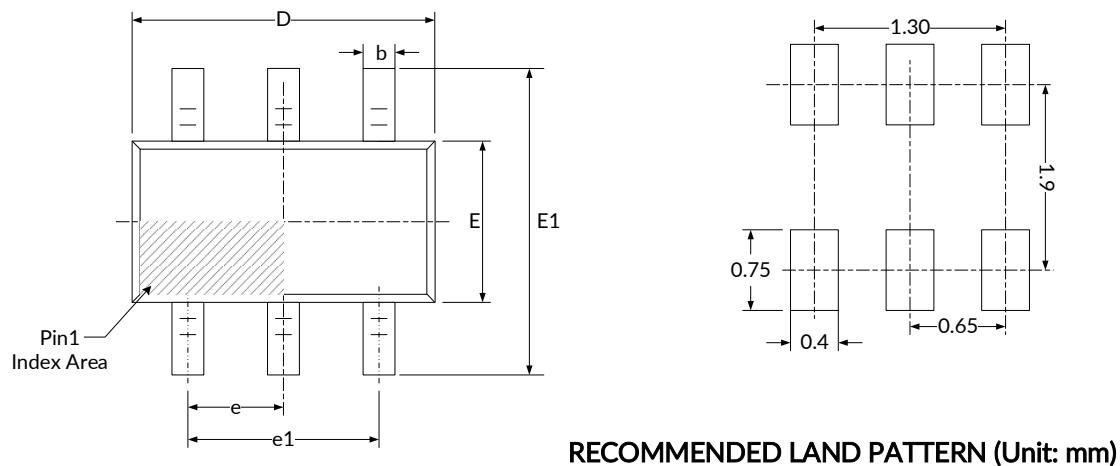
RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A ⁽¹⁾	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045
b	0.300	0.500	0.012	0.020
c	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008
D ⁽¹⁾	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119
E ⁽¹⁾	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067
E1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116
e	0.950 (BSC) ⁽²⁾		0.037 (BSC) ⁽²⁾	
e1	1.800	2.000	0.071	0.079
L	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

NOTE:

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15mm maximum per side are not included.
2. BSC (Basic Spacing between Centers), "Basic" spacing is nominal.
3. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

SC70-6⁽³⁾


Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A ⁽¹⁾	0.900	1.100	0.035	0.043
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004
A2	0.900	1.000	0.035	0.039
b	0.150	0.350	0.006	0.014
c	0.080	0.150	0.003	0.006
D ⁽¹⁾	2.000	2.200	0.079	0.087
E ⁽¹⁾	1.150	1.350	0.045	0.053
E1	2.150	2.450	0.085	0.096
e	0.650 (BSC) ⁽²⁾		0.026 (BSC) ⁽²⁾	
e1	1.300 (BSC) ⁽²⁾		0.051 (BSC) ⁽²⁾	
L	0.260	0.460	0.010	0.018
L1	0.525		0.021	
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

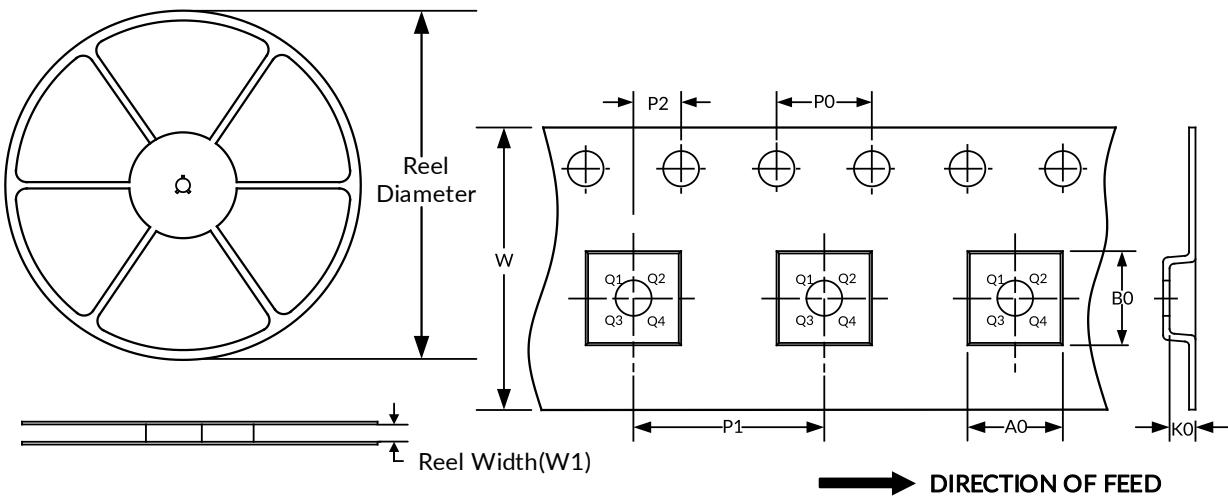
NOTE:

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15mm maximum per side are not included.
2. BSC (Basic Spacing between Centers), "Basic" spacing is nominal.
3. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

15 TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

TAPE DIMENSION



NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

KEY PARAMETER LIST OF TAPE AND REEL

Package Type	Reel Diameter	Reel Width (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	P2 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SOT23-6	7"	9.5	3.17	3.23	1.37	4.0	4.0	2.0	8.0	Q3
SC70-6	7"	9.5	2.40	2.50	1.20	4.0	4.0	2.0	8.0	Q3

NOTE:

1. All dimensions are nominal.
2. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15mm maximum per side are not included.

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